DZHW.

Otto-Friedrich-Universität Bamberg



Does the Corona Pandemic lead to Social Inequality in Study Success?

Markus Lörz

Paper prepared with Karsten Becker (DZHW): www.dzhw.eu/pdf/pub_brief/dzhw_brief_09_2020.pdf

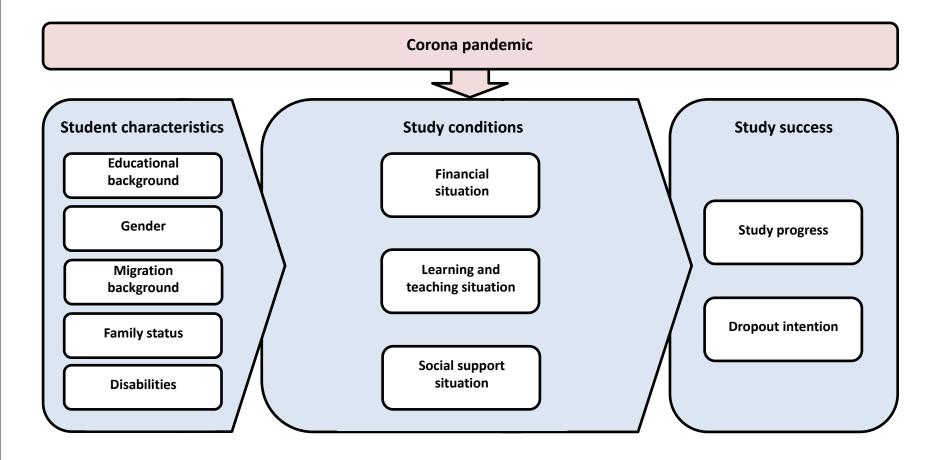
Consequences of Corona Pandemic in Germany

- Corona pandemic affects...
 - ... contact situation
 - ... study situation
 - ... work situation → short-time work, unemployment (Grabka & Göbler 2020; Grabka et al. 2020)
- Many students got into a financially difficult situation (Aristovnik et al. 2020; Aucejo et al. 2020)
- Question: Are certain student groups more affected by these changes with regard to study success?



Corona Pandemic and Higher Education



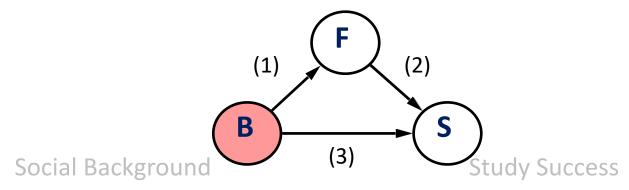


Research Questions



Focus on social background of students:

- (1) Do students from less privileged families have higher financial burdens due to the corona pandemic?
- (2) Do higher financial burdens lower study success?
- (3) Does the corona pandemic lead to social inequality in study success? Financial Situation







- Germany-wide student survey "Studying in times of the corona pandemic", SITCO (2020)
 23 german universities (of applied sciences)
 n=24.600 cases
- German social survey "Sozialerhebung", SYS (2016)
 23 german universities (of applied sciencs)
 n=5.400 cases

Dependent Variables



Study Success

Dropout intention

"To what extent are you currently considering giving up studying" [not at all \rightarrow very often]

Expected delay in study progress
 "Do you see an extension of your studies due to the Corona pandemic as likely?" [no, very unlikely → yes, very likely]

Independent Variables



Social Background

Highest parental education

[non-academic \rightarrow academic]

Financial Situation

Student job situation

Has the corona pandemic had an effect on your employment? [job loss, released, work hours reduced]

 Parental income situation Has the corona pandemic had an effect on the income of your parents? [worsend →improved]

Control Variables

Corona Pandemic and Social Inequality |. Markus Lörz

Methods



Description

- Bivariat associations
- Development of social inequality

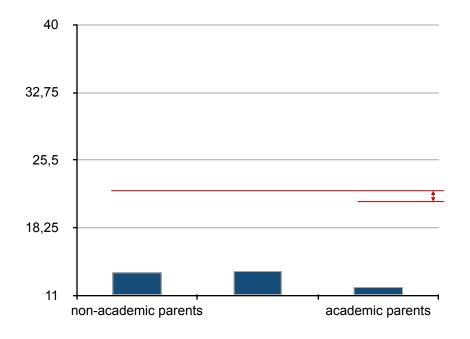
Logistic Regression

Mechanisms of social inequality

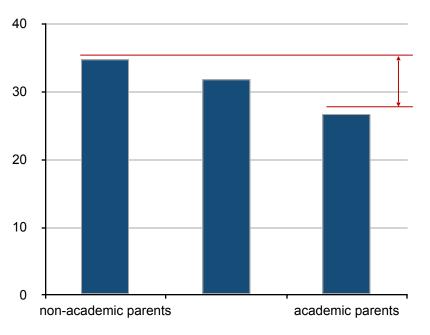
Financial Situation by Social Background



student jobs: difficult job situation



parental income: worse income situation



difficult job situation

student jobs:

parental income: worse income situation

Diagrammtitel **Diagrammtitel** 50 50 39,25 39 28,5 28 17,75 17 7 6 yes no same worser

Dropout Intention by Financial Situation

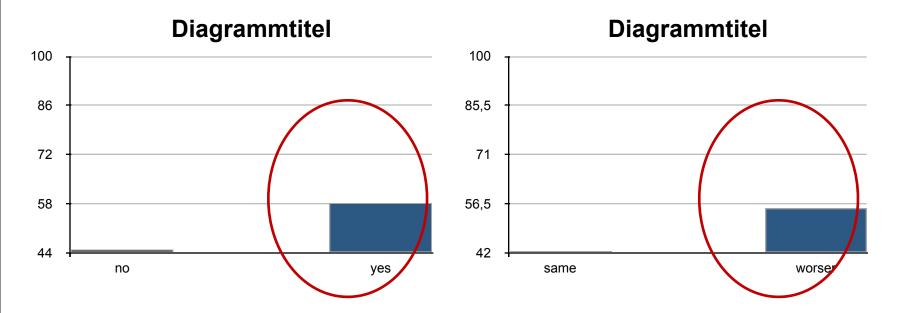






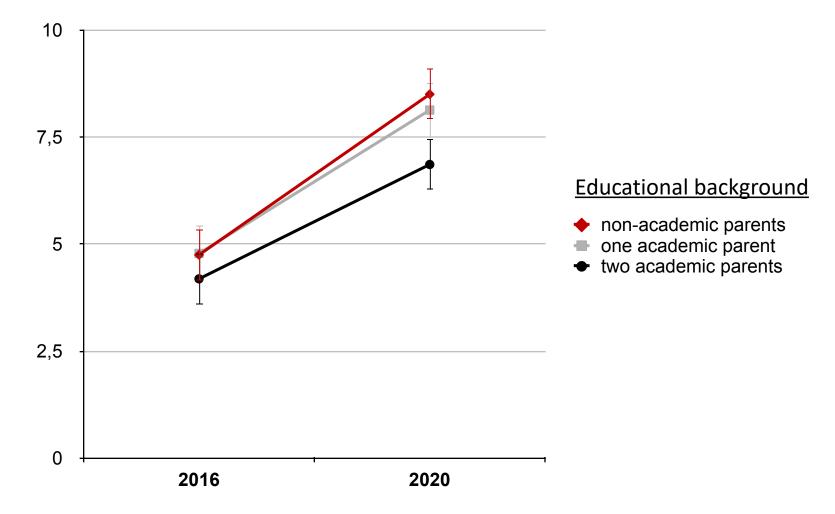
student jobs: difficult job situation

parental income: worse income situation



Dropout Intention by Social Background





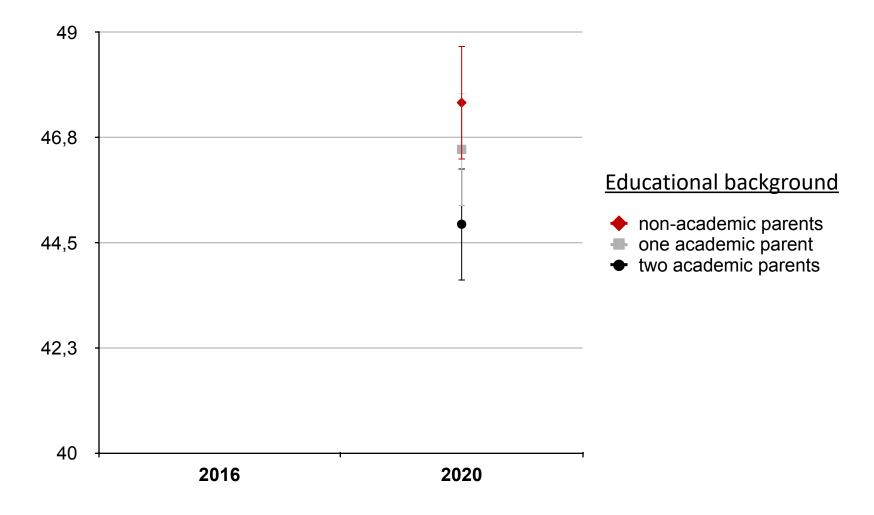
Dropout Intention by Social Background



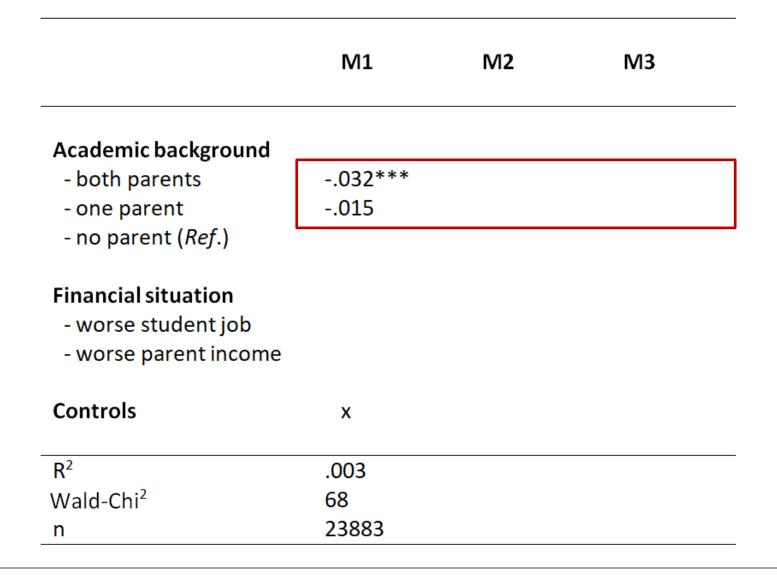
	M1	M2	M3
Academic background			
- both parents	014***		
- one parent	002		
- no parent (<i>Ref</i> .)			
Financial situation - worse student work - worse parent income			
Controls	х		
Pseudo-R ²	.002		
Wald-Chi ²	8		
n	23883		

Delay in Study Progress by Social Background





Delay in Study Progress by Social Background





Conclusion



Results

- Students from less educated parents have a higher risk to intend to drop out
- Students from less educated parents expect more often a study delay due to the corona pandemic
- The difficult financial situation of student parents is one reason for this phenomenon

Further Research

- Learning conditions
- International comparison



Thank you!

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Appendix



Why should the Corona Pandemic lead to social inequality in study success?

- Rational Choice Theory: Individual decisions based on expected benefits, costs and success probabilities
- Low-SES-Parents more often work in low-wage-sector.
- The low-wage-sector is more affected by the Corona Pandemic
- Financial support is more important in low-SES-families

Delay in Study Progress (OLS-Regression)



	M1	M2	M3
Academic background - one parent - both parents - no parent (<i>Ref</i> .)	105*** 054	096** 054*	065* 043
Financial situation - worse student work - worse parent income		.501***	.432*** .397***
Controls - gender - semester - field of study	10*** .01** .01	-098*** .006** 005	107*** .007** 001
Constante	3.27***	3.27***	3.06***
R ² F-Wert n	.002 8 23883	.014 44 23883	.028 78 23883

Interaktionseffekt Erwerbssituation)

